Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2020

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Iliff Commons Metropolitan District No. 3
Arapahoe County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Iliff Commons Metropolitan District No. 3 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Iliff Commons Metropolitan District No. 3 as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sincerel

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

September 21, 2021

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

	<u>C</u>	<u>General</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital <u>rojects</u>		<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	22,798	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,798	\$ -	\$ 22,798
Cash and investments - restricted		916		196,501		52,601		250,018	-	250,018
Receivable - County Treasurer		137		705		-		842	-	842
Property taxes receivable Capital assets not being depreciated		28,715	_	146,447		<u>-</u>	_	175,162	1,370,566	175,162 1,370,566
Total Assets	\$	52,566	\$	343,653	\$	52,601	\$	448,820	1,370,566	1,819,386
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	21,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,561	-	21,561
Regional Mill Levy Payable		-		6,206		-		6,206	-	6,206
Accrued interest on bonds Long-term liabilities:		-		-		-		-	118,604	118,604
Due within one year		_		_		_		_	15,000	15,000
Due in more than one year									1,850,000	1,850,000
Total Liabilities		21,561	_	6,206	_			27,767	1,983,604	2,011,371
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred property taxes		28,715	_	146,447				175,162		175,162
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		28,715	_	146,447				175,162		175,162
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION										
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Emergencies		916		-		-		916	(916)	-
Debt service		-		191,000		-		191,000	(191,000)	-
Capital projects		-		-		52,601		52,601	(52,601)	-
Unassigned		1,374	-				_	1,374	(1,374)	
Total Fund Balances		2,290	_	191,000		52,601	_	245,891	(245,891)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	52,566	\$	343,653	\$	52,601	\$	448,820		
Net Position: Restricted for:										
Emergencies									916	916
Debt service									72,396	72,396
Capital projects									52,601	52,601
Unrestricted									(493,060)	(493,060)
Total Net Position									\$ (367,147)	\$ (367,147)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>G</u>	eneral		Debt <u>Service</u>		Capital Projects		<u>Total</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>ljustments</u>	of Activities
EXPENDITURES											
Accounting & Audit	\$	10,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,301	\$	-	\$ 10,301
Insurance		2,898		-		-		2,898		-	2,898
Legal		14,643		-		-		14,643		-	14,643
ARI Mill Levy		-		2,979		-		2,979		-	2,979
Treasurer's fees		422		2,161		-		2,583		-	2,583
Bond principal		-		10,000		-		10,000		(10,000)	-
Bond interest expense		-		93,000		-		93,000		30,758	123,758
Trustee fees			_	5,500	_		_	5,500			 5,500
Total Expenditures		28,264		113,640				141,904		20,758	 162,662
GENERAL REVENUES											
Property taxes		28,096		144,057		-		172,153		-	172,153
Specific ownership taxes		1,991		10,209		-		12,200		-	12,200
Interest income		349		978	_	344		1,671		<u>-</u>	 1,671
Total General Revenues		30,436	_	155,244	_	344	_	186,024			 186,024
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		2,172		41,604		344		44,120		(44,120)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										23,362	23,362
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:											
BEGINNING OF YEAR		118		149,396	_	52,257		201,771		(592,280)	 (390,509)
END OF YEAR	\$	2,290	\$	191,000	\$	52,601	\$	245,891	\$	(613,038)	\$ (367,147)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_	nal & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	F	/ariance avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	28,095	\$ 28,096	5 \$	1
Specific ownership taxes		2,811	1,991		(820)
Interest income		150	349)	199
Total Revenues		31,056	30,436	<u> </u>	(620)
EXPENDITURES					
Accounting & Audit		8,500	10,30	1	(1,801)
Insurance		3,100	2,898	3	202
Legal		15,000	14,643	3	357
Treasurer's fees		421	422	2	(1)
Contingency		8,224		-	8,224
Emergency reserve		811		<u> </u>	811
Total Expenditures		36,056	28,264	<u> </u>	7,792
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(5,000)	2,172	2	7,172
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		5.000			(5,000)
Developer advances		5,000		- —	(5,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		5,000		<u>-</u>	(5,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	2,172	2	2,172
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR			118	3	118
END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 2,290	\$	2,290

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Iliff Commons Metropolitan District No. 3 ("the District"), located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

<u>Definition of Reporting Entity</u>

The District was organized under the "Service Plan for Iliff Commons Metropolitan District Nos. 3 & 4" dated August 1, 2005 and approved by the City Council of the City of Aurora ("City") pursuant to Resolution No. R2005-60 adopted on August 22, 2005, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The creation of the District was approved by the eligible electors of the District voting at an election held on May 2, 2006. The District was established to provide public improvements within and without the boundaries of the District to serve the future taxpayers and inhabitants of the District. The District was organized concurrently with Iliff Commons Metropolitan District No. 4 ("District No. 4"). Initially the District was proposed to serve as the operating district, managing the construction and day-to-day operational needs of each district, while District No. 4 was proposed to serve as the financing district, responsible for providing the necessary tax base to pay for capital costs and the service costs of operation and maintenance needs. District No. 4 was never utilized and was dissolved in 2015.

The District has the power to provide for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation, redevelopment and financing of street, traffic and safety control, water, sanitary sewer, parks and recreation, public transportation, limited television relay and translation, mosquito control, limited fire protection, and security improvements and facilities. The District is to convey the completed public improvements to the City or other appropriate jurisdiction or owners association for ongoing operation and maintenance. With the exception of park and recreation improvements, the District is not authorized to operate and maintain public improvements unless set forth in a separate agreement with the City.

The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2020, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash on hand. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. There was no depreciation expense in 2020.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$916 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$191,000 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2016A Bonds (see Note 4).

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$52,601 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

Committed Fund Balance

Committed fund balance is the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all funds can report negative amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2020, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$ 22,798
Cash and investments - Restricted	250,018
Total	\$ <u>272,816</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 2,781
Investments - COLOTRUST	270,035
Total	\$ <u>272,816</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools. The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Investment Valuation

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value (NAV) per share.

Credit Risk

The District's investment policy requires that the District follow state statutes for investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investment:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. COLOTRUST offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST. Substantially all securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2020, the District had \$270,035 invested in COLOTRUST.

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020 follows:

Governmental Type Activities:	Balance 1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$1,370,566	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,370,566
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,370,566			1,370,566
Government type assets, net	\$1,370,566	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,370,566

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

\$1,555,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2016A and \$305,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016B On December 20, 2016, the District issued \$1,555,000 of General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2016A ("Series 2016A Bonds"), and \$305,000 of Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016B ("Series 2016B Bonds"), dated December 20, 2016, for the purpose of funding and reimbursing a portion of the costs of certain public infrastructure, paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds, and, with respect to the Series 2016A Bonds only, funding the Senior Reserve Fund and funding a portion of interest to accrue on the Series 2016A Bonds. The Series 2016A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 6%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2017, and maturing on December 1, 2046.

The Series 2016B Bonds bear interest at the rate of 8%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2017, to the extent that Pledged Revenue is available, and mature on December 15, 2046. The Series 2016A Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2019 and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, commencing on December 1, 2021, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, commencing on December 15, 2021, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%.

The Series 2016A Bonds are secured by the Senior Required Mill Levy, the Capital Fees, if any, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Senior Required Mill Levy, and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District. The Series 2016A Bonds are also secured by the Senior Reserve Fund and the Senior Surplus Fund. The Series 2016B Bonds are secured by the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue, if any, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, any amount remaining in the Senior Surplus Fund after termination of the fund and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2016A Bonds. Because of the uncertainty of the timing of the principal and interest payment on the Series 2016B Bonds, no schedule of principal and interest payments is presented.

	 Principal	Interest		 Total
2021	\$ 15,000	\$	92,400	\$ 107,400
2022	15,000		91,500	106,500
2023	15,000		90,600	105,600
2024	20,000		89,700	109,700
2025	20,000		88,500	108,500
2026-2030	145,000		420,600	565,600
2031-2035	230,000		367,800	597,800
2036-2040	340,000		286,200	626,200
2041-2045	485,000		167,700	652,700
2046	 255,000	_	15,300	 270,300
	\$ 1,540,000	\$	1,710,300	\$ 3,250,300

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2020:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020	Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2016A Bonds	\$1,550,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,540,000	\$ 15,000
Series 2016B Bonds	305,000	-	-	305,000	-
Other					
Operations Reimbursement	20,000			20,000	
Total	\$1,875,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,865,000	\$ 15,000

See Note 5 for information on Operations Reimbursement

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2020, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$2,250,000. The District has not budgeted to issue any new debt during 2021. Per the District's Service Plan, the District can not issue debt in excess of \$41,100,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 5: Other Agreements

Intergovernmental Agreement with City of Aurora

On August 20, 2007, the District and District No. 4 entered into the Intergovernmental Agreement with the City of Aurora to set forth the understandings and agreements of the Parties with respect to the operations and maintenance of public improvements, and the limitations of the District as set forth in the Service Plan.

Aurora Regional Improvement Authority No. 6 Establishment Agreement

On August 20, 2007, the City, Whispering Pines Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 2, Iliff Commons Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 2, Iliff Commons Metropolitan District Nos. 3 and 4, and Murphy Creek Metropolitan District No.4 entered into the Aurora Regional Improvement Authority No. 6 Establishment Agreement to establish a separate legal entity known as the Aurora Regional Improvement Authority No. 6 to provide the services necessary to acquire, construct finance, maintain, manage, promote and implement Regional Improvements.

Administrative, Operations and Maintenance Advance and Reimbursement Agreement

On October 14, 2015, BC Great Plains Park, LLC (the "Developer") and the District entered into an Administrative, Operations and Maintenance Advance and Reimbursement Agreement ("Operation Reimbursement") pursuant to which the Developer agreed to advance reasonable funds as requested from time to time by the District to pay the District's operating, maintenance, and general administrative expenses up to a maximum of \$25,000. The amount outstanding under this agreement at December 31, 2020 was \$20,000.

Funding, Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

On October 14, 2015, the Developer and the District entered into a Funding, Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement pursuant to which the Developer agreed to construct certain Public Improvements serving the Development and advance funds to the District to pay costs relating thereto, and the District agreed to purchase Public Improvements from the Developer and to reimburse the Developer for the amounts advanced. There is no amount outstanding under this agreement at December 31, 2020.

Note 6: Related Party

During 2020 a portion of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

Note 7: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

In 2005, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 8: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in process pending transfer to other governmental entities or depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities; and
- 3) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Variance
	Original & Final	Favorable	
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 144,057	\$ 144,057	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	14,406	10,209	(4,197)
Interest income	2,000	978	(1,022)
Total Revenues	160,463	155,244	(5,219)
EXPENDITURES			
Bond interest expense	93,000	93,000	-
Bond principal	10,000	10,000	-
Trustee fees	10,000	5,500	4,500
ARI Regional Mill Levy	3,062	2,979	83
Treasurer's fees	2,161	2,161	
Total Expenditures	118,223	113,640	4,583
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	42,240	41,604	(636)
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	149,289	149,396	107
END OF YEAR	\$ 191,529	\$ 191,000	\$ (529)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	_		
Interest income	\$ 5,000	\$ 344	\$ (4,656)
Total Revenues	5,000	344	(4,656)
EXPENDITURES			
Capital improvements	466,334		466,334
Total Expenditures	466,334		466,334
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(461,334)	344	461,678
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(461,334)	344	461,678
FUND BALANCE:			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	461,334	52,257	(409,077)
END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	\$ 52,601	\$ 52,601

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Prior Year Assessed Valuation

Year Ended		or Current ar Property		Mills Levied		Total Proj	per	ty Tax	Percent Collected
December 31,	i	Tax Levy	Fund	Debt Service	Contractual	 Levied	(Collected	to Levied
2016	\$	203,375	50.000	0.000	0.000	\$ 10,169	\$	10,169	100.00%
2017	\$	157,237	10.000	50.000	1.000	\$ 9,591	\$	9,583	99.91%
2018	\$	873,657	10.997	55.277	1.099	\$ 58,861	\$	58,861	100.00%
2019	\$	1,746,616	10.997	55.277	1.105	\$ 117,685	\$	117,670	99.99%
2020	\$	2,537,325	11.073	55.663	1.112	\$ 172,152	\$	172,153	100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2021	\$	2,585,525	11.106	55.531	1.110	\$ 175,162			

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

CONTINUING DISCLOSUI	RE ANNUAL FINANCIAL II	NFORMATION - UNAUDITED

OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2020 UNAUDITED

<u>Taxpayer Na</u>	<u>ame</u>	2020 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>		Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	
Homeowner		\$	28,958	1.12%	
Homeowner			28,958	1.12%	
Homeowner			28,958	1.12%	
Homeowner			28,958	1.12%	
Homeowner			28,958	1.12%	
Homeowner			28,958	1.12%	
Homeowner			28,200	1.09%	
Homeowner			27,163	1.05%	
Homeowner			27,163	1.05%	
Homeowner			27,163	1.05%	
Total		\$	283,437	10.96%	

NOTE

Assessed Valuations were obtained from the Arapahoe County Assessor's Office

2019 ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2020 UNAUDITED

		Percent of				Percent of
<u>Class</u>		Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation		Actual Valuation	Actual Valuation
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Residential	\$	2,524,878	97.65%	\$	35,312,500	99.41%
State Assessed		59,920	2.32%		206,621	0.58%
Vacant Land		727	0.03%		2,506	0.01%
Total	\$	2,585,525	100.00%	\$	35,521,627	100.00%